HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Huron School District No. 2-2 Huron, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Huron School District No. 2-2, South Dakota, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 19, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Huron School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Huron, South Dakota January 19, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

School Board Huron School District No. 2-2 Huron, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Huron School District No. 2-2's, Beadle County, South Dakota compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Huron School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Huron School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Huron School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Huron School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Huron School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Huron School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Huron School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Huron School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance; such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.

Huron, South Dakota January 19, 2021

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The prior audit report contained no written audit comments.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results									
Financial Statements:									
Type of auditor's report is	sued: Unmodified								
Internal control over finan	cial reporting:								
Material weakness(es)	no								
Significant deficiencie that are not consider material weakness(e	X	none reported							
Noncompliance material to statements noted?	o financial		yes	X	no				
Federal Awards:									
Internal control over majo	r programs:								
Material weakness(es)	identified?		yes	<u>X</u>	no				
Significant deficiencie that are not consider material weakness(e	X	none reported							
Type of auditor's report issue	d on compliance for ma	ajor pro	ograms: U	Inmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed t to be reported in accordan	-								
2 CFR 200.156(a).			_ yes	<u>X</u>	no				
Identifcation of Major Progra	ms:								
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Progra	am or (Cluster	_					
10.555 N	National School Lunch	Progra	ım Clustei	r					
Dollar threshold used to distinted between type A and type B	~		<u>\$</u>	750,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk	auditee?	X	_Yes		No				
	Section II - Financial S	Statem	ent Findin	gs					
There are no findings which Standards.	are required to be rep	ported	in accorda	ance with Go	vernment Auditing				
Section 1	III - Federal Award Fin	dings a	ınd Questi	oned Costs					

5

There are no finding or questioned costs relating to federal award programs which are required to

be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.156(a).



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Huron School District No. 2-2 Huron, South Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Huron School District No. 2-2, Huron, South Dakota, as of June 30, 2020 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Huron School District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Huron School District No. 2-2 as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of the School District's Contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Huron School District's financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which is required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) listed in the Table of Contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2021 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions or laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Huron, South Dakota January 19, 2021

This section of Huron School District No. 2-2's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- During the year, the School's revenues of \$30,673,814 generated from taxes and other revenues of the governmental and business-type programs were \$3,423,681 less than the \$34,097,495 in governmental and business-type program expenditures. The total cost of the School's programs increased 8% over the prior year. Approximately \$3.4 million of the expenditures over revenue is due to the increase in facilities acquisition and construction in the capital outlay fund.
- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School government, reporting the School's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental fund statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities that the school operates like businesses. The proprietary funds operated by the school are the Food Service Operation (Fund 51), and Concessions and Drivers Education (Fund 53).
 - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the School's financial statements, including the portion of the School government covered and the types of information contained. The reminder of the overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1

Major Features of Huron School's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Government- Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire School government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as elementary and high school education programs	Activities the School operates similar to private businesses, the food service operation, preschool, PASS, and the drivers' education program	Instances in which the School is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources.
Required Financial Statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the School's funds do not currently contain capital assets although they can
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the School's net position and how they have changed. Net position is one way to measure the School's financial health or position.

- Increases or decreases in the School's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the School you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the School's property tax base and changes in the state school aid funding formula from the State of South Dakota.

The government-wide financial statements of the School are reported in two categories:

- Governmental Activities This category includes the School's basic instructional services, such as elementary and high school educational programs, support services (guidance counselor, executive administration, board of education, fiscal services, etc.), debt service payments, extracurricular activities (sports, debate, music, etc.) and capital equipment purchases. Property taxes, state grants, and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The school charges a fee to students to help cover the costs of providing breakfast and hot lunch services to all students. The Food Service Fund and the Enterprise Funds (Drivers Ed, and Concessions) are the only business-type activities of the School.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds – not the School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- State Law requires some of the funds.
- The School Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

The School has three kinds of funds:

• Governmental Funds – Most of the School's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund's statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary Funds Services for which the School charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both short- and long-term financial information. The Food Service, Drivers Education, and Concessions Enterprise funds are the only proprietary funds maintained by the School.
- Fiduciary Funds The School is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various external and internal parties. The School is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the School's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of net position and a statement of changes in net position. We exclude these activities from the School's government-wide financial statements because the School cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The School's combined net position increased as follows:

Table A-1
Huron School District No. 2-2
Statement of Net Position

							Percentage
	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	pe Activities	To	tal	Change
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019-2020
Current and Other Assets	\$ 30,011,450	\$ 26,227,501	\$ 755,064	\$ 594,590	\$ 30,766,514	\$ 26,822,091	-12.82%
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	33,913,428	36,707,031	290,988	257,272	34,204,416	36,964,303	8.07%
Total Assets	63,924,878	62,934,532	1,046,052	851,862	64,970,930	63,786,394	-1.82%
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	5,937,895	3,979,502	_	_	5,937,895	3,979,502	-32.98%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,937,895	3,979,502			5,937,895	3,979,502	-32.98%
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	43,004,805	41,488,939	8,358	11,323	43,013,163	41,500,262	-3.52%
Other Liabilities	2,910,163	4,459,765	60,076	17,360	2,970,239	4,477,125	50.73%
Unearned Revenues	-	· · · · -	27,163	54,015	27,163	54,015	
Total Liabilities	45,914,968	45,948,704	95,597	82,698	46,010,565	46,031,402	0.05%
Taxes Levied for Future Period	5,341,115	5,369,560	_	_	5,341,115	5,369,560	0.53%
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	1,441,315	1,673,785			1,441,315	1,673,785	16.13%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,782,430	7,043,345			6,782,430	7,043,345	3.85%
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,791,383	5,486,974	290,988	257,272	2,082,371	5,744,246	175.85%
Restricted	13,995,739	6,258,090	·	_	13,995,739	6,258,090	-55.29%
Unrestricted	1,378,253	2,176,921	658,467	511,892	2,036,720	2,688,813	32.02%
Total Net Position	17,165,375	13,921,985	949,455	769,164	18,114,830	14,691,149	-18.90%
Beginning Net Position	18,075,766	17,165,375	832,883	949,455	18,908,649	18,114,830	-4.20%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (910,391)	\$ (3,243,390)	\$ 116,572	\$ (180,291)	\$ (793,819)	\$ (3,423,681)	331.29%
Percentage of Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	-5.04%	-18.89%	14.00%	-18.99%	-4.20%	-18.90%	

The District's combined net position of approximately \$14.7 million is approximately \$63.4 million or 18.90% less than on June 30, 2019. Most of the decrease is due to the decrease in deferred outflows.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the school, consisting of compensated absences payable and bonds, capital outlay certificates and other loans have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Position. The difference between the school's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is its net position.

Changes in Net Position

The district's total revenues (excluding transfers) totaled \$30,673,814 (See Table A-4). This was approximately a .23% decrease. Approximately 38% of the district's revenue comes from property and other taxes, with another 38% from state aid. (See Table A-2.)

Table A-2 Huron School District No. 2-2 Sources of Revenues Fiscal Year 2019-2020

Taxes	\$ 10,313,802	37.86%
State Sources	12,933,652	38.11%
Operating And Capital Grants & Contributions	5,770,438	18.20%
Charges for Services	694,147	2.82%
Other Revenues	564,650	1.97%
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	397,125	1.04%
Total Revenue	\$ 30,673,814	100.00%

Total cost of all programs and services increased by approximately 8.12%. The district's expenses totaled \$34,097,495 (See Table A-4). The School's expenses cover a range of services, encompassing instruction, support services, interest on long term debt, co-curricular activities, food services, drivers' education and concessions. (See Table A-3.)

Table A-3 Huron School District No. 2-2 Statement of Expenditures Fiscal Year 2019-2020

Instruction	\$ 17,800,743	52.21%
Support Services	11,755,242	34.48%
Food Service	1,683,383	4.94%
Interest - on Long-Term Debt	1,380,820	4.05%
Cocurricular Activities	1,031,348	3.02%
Nonprogrammed charges	170,309	0.50%
Community Services	165,546	0.49%
Concessions	107,252	0.30%
Drivers Education	2,852	0.01%
Total Expenditures	\$ 34,097,495	100.00%

GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Table A-4 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the school.

Table A-4 Huron School District 2-2 Changes in Net Position

							Total
							Percentage
	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	Change	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019-2020
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 171,264	\$ 181,546	\$ 695,457	\$ 512,601	\$ 866,721	\$ 694,147	-19.91%
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,410,931	4,692,224	1,187,887	1,078,214	5,598,818	5,770,438	3.07%
General Revenues							
Taxes	11,631,871	10,313,802			11,631,871	10,313,802	-11.33%
Revenue State Sources	11,721,396	12,933,652	_		11,721,396	12,933,652	10.34%
Unrestricted Investmet Earnings	309,061	386,321	8,792	10,804	317,853	397,125	24.94%
Other General Revenues	607,256	564,650			607,256	564,650	-7.02%
Total Revenues	28,851,779	29,072,195	1,892,136	1,601,619	30,743,915	30,673,814	-0.23%
Expenses							
Instruction	16,992,843	17,800,743	_		16,992,843	17,800,743	4.75%
Support Services	9,953,388	11,755,242	_		9,953,388	11,755,242	18.10%
Community Services	197,887	165,546			197,887	165,546	-16.34%
Nonprogrammed Charges	235,898	170,309			235,898	170,309	-27.80%
Interest on Long Term Debt	1,376,762	1,380,820	_		1,376,762	1,380,820	0.29%
Cocurricular Activities	1,002,125	1,031,348			1,002,125	1,031,348	2.92%
Food Service			1,638,550	1,683,383	1,638,550	1,683,383	2.74%
Other Enterprise Activity			140,281	110,104	140,281	110,104	-21.51%
Total Expenses	29,758,903	32,304,008	1,778,831	1,793,487	31,537,734	34,097,495	8.12%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers	(907,124)	(3,231,813)	113,305	(191,868)	(793,819)	(3,423,681)	331.29%
Transfers	(3,267)	(11,577)	3,267	11,577			
Transfers	(3,207)	(11,577)	3,207	11,577			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(910,391)	(3,243,390)	116,572	(180,291)	(793,819)	(3,423,681)	331.29%
,,,	(- / /	(-) -))	- ,	(, ,)	(/ /	(-) -))	
Beginning Net Position	18,075,766	17,165,375	832,883	949,455	18,908,649	18,114,830	-4.20%
Ending Not Position	\$ 17,165,375	\$ 13,921,985	\$ 949,455	\$ 769,164	\$ 18,114,830	\$ 14,691,149	-18.90%
Ending Net Position	\$ 17,105,575	\$ 13,921,983	\$ 949,455	\$ 769,164	J 10,114,03U	ə 14,091,149	-10.90%

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Increase in the governmental expenses was 8.55%, mainly due to instruction and support services increase of \$2.6 million for facilities acquisition and construction.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Net position of the School's business-type activities decreased approximately by \$180 thousand.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

Overall, the governmental funds have a 3.2 million dollar decrease in fund balance over last year. The main cause was facilities acquisition and construction.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the School Board revised the School budget several times. These amendments fall into three categories:

- Supplemental appropriations and contingency transfers approved for unanticipated, yet necessary, expenses to provide for items necessary for the education program of this district.
- Increases in appropriations, primarily by contingency transfer, to prevent budget overruns.

There were budget changes for the year due to needing additional funding for general operating expenses in the General Fund.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of FY 2020, the School had invested \$36,707,031 (net of depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including, land, buildings, various machinery and equipment. (See Table A-5.)

Table A-5
HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT - Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

		mental vities	Busines Activ	• •	Total Dollar Change	Total Percentage Change
	2019	2020	2019 2020		2019-2020	2019-2020
Land	\$ 1,107,646	\$ 1,107,646	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00%
Construction in progress		3,452,650	_	_	3,452,650	100.00%
Buildings	30,337,085	29,512,250	_	_	(824,835)	-2.72%
Machinery and equipment	2,468,697	2,634,485	290,988	257,272	132,072	4.79%
Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 33,913,428	\$ 36,707,031	\$ 290,988	\$ 257,272	\$ 2,759,887	8.07%

This year's capital asset purchases of \$670,615. This included two buses, two toolcats, music equipment, a suburban, and lunch tables. There is \$3,452,650 in Construction in progress for the high school and arena improvements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At year-end, the School had \$41,500,262 in general long-term obligations. See individual balances as shown on Table A-6 below.

Table A-6
HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT - Outstanding Debt and Obligations

	Govern Activ	emental vities	Busine. Activ	- 1		Total Dollar Change	Total Percentage Change
	2019	2020	 2019 2020		2019-2020	2019-2020	
General Obligation bonds	\$ 27,165,000	\$ 26,610,000	\$ _	\$	_	\$ (555,000)	-2.04%
Unamoritized premium	2,006,557	1,906,435	_			(100,122)	-4.99%
Capital outlay certificates	12,250,000	11,600,000	_			(650,000)	-5.31%
Unamoritized premium	269,756	243,622	_			(26,134)	-9.69%
Other loans	1,171,580	995,640	_			(175,940)	-15.02%
Compensated Absences	141,912	133,242	9,358		11,323	(6,705)	-4.43%
Total Outstanding Debt							
and Obligations	\$ 43,004,805	\$ 41,488,939	\$ 9,358	\$	11,323	\$ (1,513,901)	-3.52%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

One of the primary sources of revenue to the School is based on a per student allocation received from the State of South Dakota.

The school issued \$9,260,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Crossover Advance Refunding) on December 21, 2017. These funds will sit in escrow until December 15, 2023 when they will be used to refund part of the \$20,195,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2013.

The school's enrollment for the last 3 years was as follows:

		Percent
		(Decrease)
YEAR	ADM	in ADM
2020	2807	5.92%
2019	2650	2.00%
2018	2598	2.44%

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Huron School District's Business Office, 150 5th Street Southwest, Huron, SD 57350.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 PRIMARY GO				
	RNMENTAL TIVITIES	NESS-TYPE TIVITIES	TOTAL		
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,917,849	\$	463,222	\$	10,381,071
Taxes receivable	5,505,433				5,505,433
Inventories			70,762		70,762
Other assets	1,323,050		60,606		1,383,656
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	9,403,288				9,403,288
Net pension asset	77,881				77,881
Capital assets:					
Land and Construction in Progress	4,560,296				4,560,296
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	 32,146,735		257,272		32,404,007
TOTAL ASSETS	 62,934,532		851,862		63,786,394
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURSES:					
Pension related deferred outflows	 3,979,502				3,979,502
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURSES:	3,979,502				3,979,502
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	2,441,396		11,611		2,453,007
Other current liabilities	2,018,369		5,749		2,024,118
Unearned revenue	_		54,015		54,015
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	1,945,418				1,945,418
Due in more than one year	 39,543,521		11,323		39,554,844
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 45,948,704		82,698		46,031,402
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURSES:					
Property taxes levied for future period	5,369,560		_		5,369,560
Pension related deferred inflows	 1,673,785				1,673,785
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURSES:	 7,043,345				7,043,345
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets	5,486,974		257,272		5,744,246
Restricted for:					
Capital outlay	3,332,487				3,332,487
Special education	390,982				390,982
Debt services	143,288				143,288
Auditorium	7,735				7,735
SDRS pension purposes	2,383,598				2,383,598
Unrestricted	 2,176,921		511,892		2,688,813
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13,921,985	\$	769,164	\$	14,691,149

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				nn och 4 14	, B.C., C.N.	10			VET (EXPENSE) CHANGES IN N	VET POSIT	TION		
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS	E	EXPENSES		PROGRAM REVENUES OPERATING CAPITAL IARGES FOR GRANTS AND GRANTS AND SERVICES CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRIBUTIONS		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		 TOTAL			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental Activities:													
Instruction Support services Community services	\$	17,800,743 11,755,242 165,546	\$	75,871 18,878	\$ 4	1,692,224 - -	\$	- - -	\$	(13,032,648) (11,736,364) (165,546)	\$	- - -	\$ (13,032,648) (11,736,364) (165,546)
Nonprogrammed charges Interest - on long-term debt* Cocurricular activities		170,309 1,380,820 1,031,348		- - 86,797		- -		-		(170,309) (1,380,820) (944,551)		- - -	(170,309) (1,380,820) (944,551)
Total Governmental Activities		32,304,008		181,546	4	1,692,224		<u>-</u>		(27,430,238)			(27,430,238)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:													
Foodservice		1,683,383		401,836	1	,078,214		-				(203,333)	(203,333)
Concessions		107,252		107,765		-		-				513	513
Driver's education		2,852		3,000								148	 148
Total Business-Type Activities		1,793,487		512,601	1	1,078,214						(202,672)	 (202,672)
Total Primary Government	\$	34,097,495	\$	694,147	\$ 5	5,770,438	\$			(27,430,238)		(202,672)	(27,632,910)
					GENERAL Taxes	L REVENUI :	ES:						
	relate	District does not l	s present	ed above.	G	roperty Taxo	ts taxes			9,894,774 419,028		 	9,894,774 419,028
		amount includes ise on general loi				ue from Stat tate aid	e Sources:			12,933,652			12,933,652
	expen	ise on general to	ig-terin u	en.			tment earning	s		386,321		10,804	397,125
						general rev	-	•		564,650			564,650
					Trans	0				(11,577)		11,577	_
					T	otal Genera	Revenues and	l Transfers		24,186,848		22,381	 24,209,229
						Change i	n Net Position			(3,243,390)		(180,291)	(3,423,681)
					NET POSI	TION - Beg	inning of Year			17,165,375		949,455	 18,114,830
					NET POSI	TION -End	of Year		\$	13,921,985	\$	769,164	\$ 14,691,149

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	 GENERAL FUND	 CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	SPECIAL DUCATION FUND	RE	BOND EDEMPTION FUND	GOVE	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,298,549	\$ 5,028,097	\$ 583,468	\$	-	\$	7,735	\$	9,917,849
Taxes receivablecurrent	2,190,405	1,490,687	1,012,051		676,417				5,369,560
Taxes receivable-delinquent	66,080	35,814	19,337		14,642				135,873
Accounts receivable	256,297	-			-				256,297
Due from other government	938,480		128,273						1,066,753
Restricted cash	 		 		9,403,288				9,403,288
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 7,749,811	\$ 6,554,598	\$ 1,743,129	\$	10,094,347	\$	7,735	\$	26,149,620
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 737,958	\$ 1,695,610	\$ 7,828	\$		\$		\$	2,441,396
Contracts payable	1,318,403		244,184						1,562,587
Payroll deductions and withholding and									
employer matching payable	387,035		68,747						455,782
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,443,396	 1,695,610	320,759						4,459,765
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	66,080	35,814	19,337		14,642				135,873
Property taxes levied for future period	2,190,405	1,490,687	1,012,051		676,417				5,369,560
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,256,485	1,526,501	1,031,388		691,059		-		5,505,433
Fund Balances:									
Restricted									
Capital outlay	_	3,332,487							3,332,487
Special education	-	-	390,982						390,982
Debt service	-				9,403,288				9,403,288
Auditorium	-						7,735		7,735
Unassigned	 3,049,930	 	 						3,049,930
Total Fund Balances	 3,049,930	3,332,487	 390,982	-	9,403,288		7,735		16,184,422
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 7,749,811	\$ 6,554,598	\$ 1,743,129	\$	10,094,347	\$	7,735	\$	26,149,620

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 16,184,422
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Net pension (asset) reported in governmental activities is	
not an available financials resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	77,881
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not	
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	36,707,031
Pension related deferred outflows are components of	
pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	3,979,502
Deliquent taxes receivable not available to pay current year	
expenditures are deferred in the funds	135,873
Pension related deferred inflows are components of	
pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1,673,785)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, other	
post employment benefits, and accrued vacation	
are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (41,488,939)
Net Position-Governmental Funds	\$ 13,921,985

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND	BOND REDEMPTION FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:						
Revenue from Local Sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,912,067	\$ 2,866,765	\$ 1,758,114	\$ 1,224,107	s -	\$ 9,761,053
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	35,909	20,550	10,946	8,507		75,912
Tax deed revenue	207	_	_			207
Utility taxes	419,028		_			419,028
Penalties and interest on taxes	9,193	6,990	3,771	2,874		22,828
Revenue from Local Governmental Units	,	,	,	,		,
Other Than LEAs:						
Revenue in lieu of taxes	8,087	2	_		_	8,089
Tuition and Fees:	- /					-,
Regular day school tuition	75,871				_	75,871
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	62,920	113,439	14,690	195,137	135	386,321
Cocurricular Activities:		-,	,	, .		/-
Admissions	77,071				2,675	79,746
Other student activity income	7,051				_	7,051
Other Revenue from Local Sources:	,					,
Rentals	29,832		_		_	29,832
Contributions and donations	44,569		_			44,569
Services Provided Other LEAs	18,878		_			18,878
Charges for services	49,632		90,699			140,331
Other	144,405		652		_	145,057
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	,					ŕ
County Sources:						
County apportionment	178,695		_			178,695
Revenue in lieu of taxes	8,289		1	1	_	8,291
Revenue from State Sources:	-,					-, -
Grants-in-Aid:						
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	12,933,652				_	12,933,652
Restricted grants-in-aid	2,570		1,573,308		_	1,575,878
Tuition:	,		, ,			, ,
Regular	128,340				_	128,340
Revenue from Federal Sources:	- /					- /
Grants-in-Aid:						
Restricted grants-in-aid received from						
federal government through the state	2,230,024	41,645	716,337		_	2,988,006
Other Federal Revenue	9,786	-	-		_	9,786
TOTAL REVENUES:	20,386,076	3,049,391	4,168,518	1,430,626	2,810	- ,. 50

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

	G	ENERAL FUND	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	SPECIAL DUCATION FUND	BON REDEMI FUN	PTION	GOVER	THER NMENTAL UNDS	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
EXPENDITURES:	-		 	 _						_
Instruction:										
Regular Programs:										
Elementary	\$	4,802,575	\$ 93,721	\$ -	\$		\$		\$	4,896,296
Middle/junior high		2,063,798	84,479							2,148,277
High school		2,879,153	66,081							2,945,234
Preschool services		4,334	_							4,334
Special Programs:										
Programs for special education			2,140	3,307,224						3,309,364
Culturally different		932,833	_							932,833
Educationally deprived		1,005,392	_							1,005,392
Support Services:										
Students:										
Attendance and social work		162,435	_	27,796						190,231
Guidance		437,185		1,000		_				438,185
Health		99,323		99,012						198,335
Psychological				238,064		_				238,064
Speech pathology				459,443						459,443
Student therapy services				243,445		_				243,445
Instructional Staff:										
Improvement of instruction		426,252	1,999	8,317						436,568
Educational media		1,223,967	164,254	-						1,388,221
General Administration:										
Board of education		221,001	_							221,001
Executive administration		254,918								254,918
School Administration:										
Office of the principal		881,488	_							881,488
Other		343,835	8,298			_				352,133
Business:										
Fiscal services		402,643				_				402,643
Facilities acquisition and construction		·	1,194,512					4,906		1,199,418
Operation and maintenance of plant		2,603,406	290,149			_				2,893,555
Student transportation		786,602	5,792			_				792,394
Food services		65,540	24,605							90,145
Internal services			1,106							1,106
Central:			•							•
Staff		1,092								1,092

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND	BOND REDEMPTION FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
EXPENDITURES:						
Special Education:						
Administrative costs	\$	\$ -	\$ 208,720	\$ -	\$	\$ 208,720
Transportation costs		_	128,405	_		128,405
Community Services:						
Recreation	17,505	-		_		17,505
Custody and care of children	111,466	-		_		111,466
Nonpublic school	36,575	_		_	-	36,575
Nonprogrammed Charges:						
Early Retirement Payments	170,309	_		-		170,309
Debt Services		1,138,503		1,749,513		2,888,016
Cocurricular Activities:						
Male activities	327,328	_				327,328
Female activities	312,028	_				312,028
Combined activities	298,947	28,787				327,734
Capital Outlay	77,717	4,028,371		_		4,106,088
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	20,949,647	7,132,797	4,721,426	1,749,513	4,906	34,558,289
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(563,571)	(4,083,406)	(552,908)	(318,887)	(2,096)	(5,520,868)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	650,240	_				650,240
Transfers out		(631,439)	(14,690)	(3,976)	(135)	(650,240)
Sale of surplus property	59,956	_		_	-	59,956
Compensation for loss of capital asset	3,391		<u></u>			3,391
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	713,587	(631,439)	(14,690)	(3,976)	(135)	63,347
Net Change in Fund Balances	150,016	(4,714,845)	(567,598)	(322,863)	(2,231)	(5,457,521)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	2,899,914	8,047,332	958,580	9,726,151	9,966_	21,641,943
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 3,049,930	\$ 3,332,487	\$ 390,982	\$ 9,403,288	\$ 7,735	\$ 16,184,422

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (5,457,521)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

This amount represents capital asset purchases which are reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements but increase assets on the government wide statements.

4,106,088

This amount represents the current year depreciation expense reported in the statement of activites which is not reported on the fund financial statements because it does not require the use of current financial resources.

(1,285,149)

In the statement of activities gain and losses of \$36,011 on disposal of capital are reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds of \$63,347 from the disposal of capital assets is reflected, regardless of whether a gain or loss is realized (+gains -losses -proceeds =amount).

(27,336)

Payment of the principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

1,507,196

In both the government-wide and the fund financial statements, revenues from property tax levies are applied to finance the budget of a particular period. Accounting for revenues from property tax accruals in the funds' statements differs from the accounting in the government wide statements in that the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". This amount reflects the application of both the application period and "availability crieteria".

34,774

Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences and early retirement benefits actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated absences earned by employees are not recognized in the funds. In the statement of activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees earn leave credits or elect to retire early.

8,670

Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.

(2,130,112)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (3,243,390)

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	FOOD		-	OTHER		
	S	ERVICE	EN	TERPRISE		
		FUND		FUNDS		TOTAL
ASSETS:						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	302,518	\$	160,704	\$	463,222
Accounts Receivable		18,845		145		18,990
Due from other government		41,616		-		41,616
Inventory of supplies		10,239		950		11,189
Inventory of stores purchased for resale		38,796		5,001		43,797
Inventory of donated food		15,776				15,776
Total Current Assets		427,790		166,800		594,590
Capital Assets:						
Machinery and equipment-local funds		621,377		52,263		673,640
Machinery and equipment-federal assistance		39,142				39,142
Accumulated depreciation		(424,334)		(31,176)		(455,510)
Capital Assets - Net		236,185		21,087		257,272
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	663,975	\$	187,887	\$	851,862
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION:						
Liabilites:						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	11,611	\$		\$	11,611
Contract payable		4,995				4,995
Payroll deductions and withholdings		754				754
Unearned revenue		54,015				54,015
Total Current Liabilities		71,375				71,375
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Accrued leave payable		11,323				11,323
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		11,323				11,323
TOTAL LIABILITIES		82,698				82,698
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		236,185		21,087		257,272
Unrestricted net position		345,092		166,800		511,892
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	581,277	\$	187,887	\$	769,164

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
	FOOD	OTHER			
	SERVICE FUND	ENTERPRISI FUND	E TOTAL		
OPERATING REVENUES:	1010				
Sales:					
To students	\$ 305,24	17 \$ 107,650	6 \$ 412,903		
To adults	11,50	-	- 11,507		
A la carte	15,24	3,109	18,355		
Other	69,83	-	- 69,836		
Total Operating Revenue	401,83	110,765	5 512,601		
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Salaries	768,72	28 44,738	8 813,466		
Employee benefits	220,98	5,47	7 226,466		
Purchased services	32,49	631	33,124		
Supplies	64,68	11,270	5 75,960		
Cost of sales - purchased food	408,01	5 44,985	5 453,000		
Cost of sales - donated food	140,57	- 78	- 140,578		
Depreciation - local funds	47,89	2,99	50,893		
Total Operating Expenses	1,683,38	110,104	1,793,487		
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,281,54	17) 661	(1,280,886)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES:					
Local Sources:					
Investment earnings	8,18	2,624	10,804		
State Sources:					
Cash reimbursements Federal Sources:	5,27	' 1 -	5,271		
Cash reimbursements	926,69	10	- 926,699		
Donated food	146,24		- 146,244		
Total Nonoperating Revenue	1,086,39				
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	(195,15	3,285	5 (191,868)		
Capital Contributions	11,57	<u> </u>	11,577		
Change in Net Position	(183,57	3,285	5 (180,291)		
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	764,85	184,602	949,455		
NET POSITION - End of Year	\$ 581,27	<u> </u>	7 \$ 769,164		

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS			
	FOOD	OTHER		
	SERVICE	ENTERPRISE		
	FUND	FUND	TOTALS	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES:				
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 426,403	\$ 110,620	\$ 537,023	
Cash payments to suppliers	(536,174)	(57,375)	(593,549)	
Cash payments to employees	(1,006,477)	(59,457)	(1,065,934)	
NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(1,116,248)	(6,212)	(1,122,460)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES:				
Cash reimbursements - state	5,271		5,271	
Cash reimbursements - federal	920,548		920,548	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES				
NET CASH I ROVIDED BI NON-CAI HALF INANCING ACTIVITES	925,819		925,819	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES:				
Purchase of capital assets	(5,600)		(5,600)	
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES	(5,600)		(5,600)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES:				
	8,180	2,624	10.004	
Interest earnings	0,100	2,024	10,804	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES	8,180	2,624	10,804	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(187,849)	(3,588)	(191,437)	
~	, , ,	,	, , ,	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year	490,367	164,292	654,659	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	\$ 302,518	\$ 160,704	\$ 463,222	

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
	FOOD SERVICE FUND	OTHER ENTERPRISE FUND	TOTALS		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO					
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,281,547)	\$ 661	\$ (1,280,886)		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation expense	47,896	2,997	50,893		
Noncash cost of sales - commodities	146,244		146,244		
Change in Assets and Liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	(2,285)	(145)	(2,430)		
Inventories	(22,003)	(379)	(22,382)		
Accounts and other payables	(14,645)	(104)	(14,749)		
Accrued wages payable	(16,760)	(9,242)	(26,002)		
Unearned Revenue	26,852		26,852		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITES	\$ (1,116,248)	\$ (6,212)	\$ (1,122,460)		
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITES:					
Value of commodities received	\$ 140,578	\$	\$ 140,578		
Capital assets purchased by the capital outlay fund	\$ 11,577	<u>s</u>	\$ 11,577		

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND	AGENCY FUNDS		
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 257,685	\$ 280,458		
TOTAL ASSETS	257,685	280,458		
LIABILITIES:				
Amounts held for others		280,458		
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for school scolarship	257,685			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 257,685	\$ 280,458		

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Pl	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND			
ADDITIONS:		.511 0112			
Contributions and donations	\$	15,600			
Other additions		4,159			
Total Additions		19,759			
DEDUCTIONS:					
Trust deductions for scholarships		15,460			
Total Deductions		15,460			
Change in Net Position		4,299			
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year		253,386			
NET POSITION - End of Year	\$	257,685			

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Huron School District No. 2-2, consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable if its Governing Board appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the School District (primary government). The School District may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the School District. The School District has no component units.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the School District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets minus liabilities equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

b. Basis of Presentation: (continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the School District, excluding the capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

b. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>: (continued)

Governmental Funds: (continued)

Auditorium Building Fund – A fund established by SDCL 6-4-1 for the purpose of erecting or remodeling an auditorium, coliseum, public gymnasium, or public community house and for the acquisition of sites and equipment, therefore. This is not a major fund.

Debt Service Fund Types – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Bond Redemption Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-13 to account for the proceeds of a special property tax restricted to use for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. This fund is the only debt service fund maintained by the School District. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds — Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met:

- 1. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government of component unit even if that government is not expected to make any payments is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- 2. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- 3. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

The Other Enterprise Fund - An enterprise fund maintained by the School District for concessions and driver's education. It is not a major fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

b. Basis of Presentation: (continued)

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be major funds:

Private-Purpose Trust Fund Types – private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other organizations. The School District maintains the following private-purpose trust funds: Harrigle, Kittinger, Peppers and Huron Community Scholarship Trusts and their purpose is scholarships.

Agency Funds – agency funds are used to account for resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature, they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The School District maintains agency funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements: In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

c. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>: (continued)

Basis of Accounting:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements: All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Huron School District No. 2-2, the length of that cycle is sixty days.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as Internal Balances.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

d. <u>Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications</u>: (continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund receivables are reported as Nonspendable Fund balance to the extent that the proceeds from the collection of those receivables are not Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and are reported in the appropriate fund balance category. Current portions of interfund receivables are considered "available spendable resources" and are reported in the appropriate fund balance category.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at the estimated fair value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant, and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

For governmental activities capital assets, construction-period interest is not capitalized, in accordance with USGAAP, while for capital assets used in business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations, construct period interest is capitalized in accordance with USGAAP.

The total June 30, 2020 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately thirty percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The total June 30, 2020 balance of capital assets for business-type activities are all valued at original cost. These estimated original costs were established by appraisals or deflated current replacement cost.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

e. <u>Capital Assets</u>: (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements: (continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold	Method	Useful Life
Land	\$1,000		_
Land improvements	\$1,000	straight-line	20 years
Buildings	\$50,000	straight-line	50 years
Machinery and equipment	\$1,000	straight-line	4-20 years

Land, an inexhaustible capital asset, is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist primarily of compensated absences, capital outlay certificates payable and general obligation bonds payable.

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

f. <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>: (continued)

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist primarily of compensated absences, early retirement benefits payable, capital outlay certificates payable and general obligation bonds payable.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources) and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

g. Program Revenues:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- 1. Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

i. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. The enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise funds deposits and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

j. Equity Classifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity (except for Agency Funds, which have no fund equity) is reported as net position held in trust for other purposes.

k. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

1. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable – Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

Assigned – Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by School Board.

Unassigned – Includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The School District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund Revenue Source
Capital Outlay Fund Taxes
Special Education Fund Taxes

m. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

n. Emerging Accounting Standards:

In March 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, which expand disclosure requirements for certain types of debt. The School District has not yet determined the specific impact of this statement on the financial statements. The standard is effective for the School District's year ending June 30, 2021.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases, which requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the terms of the lease. The statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The School District has not yet determined the specific impact of this statement on the financial statements. The standard is effective for the School District's year ending June 30, 2022.

In 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities accounting standard. This statement improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The School District has not yet determined the specific impact of this statement on the financial statements. The standard is effective for the School District's year ending June 30, 2022.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK:

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a); or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b). Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK: (continued)

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a mean of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discusses above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2020, the school did not have investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2020, the School District did not have investments.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the General Fund, except for the private-purpose trust fund(s) which retains its investment income. USGAAP, on the other hand, requires income form deposits and investments to be reported in the fund whose assets generated that income. Where the governing board has discretion to credit investment income to a fund other than the fund that provided the resources for investment, a transfer to the designated fund is reported. Accordingly, in the fund financial statements, interfund transfers of investment earnings are reported, while in the government-wide financial statements, they have been eliminated, except for the net amounts transferred between governmental activities and business-type activities. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

3. PROPERTY TAX:

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations, but which will not be collected during the current fiscal year or within the "availability period" has been deferred in the fund financial statements. Property tax revenues intended to finance the current year's appropriations, and therefore susceptible to accrual, has been reported as revenue in the government-wide financial statements, even though collection will occur in a future fiscal year.

4. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Assets restricted to use for a specific purpose through segregation of balances in separate accounts are as follows:

	Amount:	Purpose:					
\$ 9,403,288		For Debt Service, by debt covenants					
		(Crossover Advance Refundings,					
		the funds will sit in escrow until					
		December 15, 2023)					

5. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES:

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year. Amounts receivable and due from other governments include reimbursements for various programs. These amounts include \$275,142 for accounts receivable and \$1,108,369 for due from the state or federal government.

6. INVENTORY:

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list on the date of receipt.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the enterprise fund financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance. No material inventories were on hand at June 30, 2020, for the governmental funds.

7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance 7/01/19	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/20
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
Land	\$ 1,107,646	\$ -	\$	\$ 1,107,646
Construction in progress		3,452,650		3,452,650
Total, not being depreciated	1,107,646	3,452,650		4,560,296
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	39,008,489			39,008,489
Improvements other than buildings	5,264,988			5,264,988
Machinery and equipment	7,096,696	653,438	(230,149)	7,519,985
Total, being depreciated	51,370,173	653,438	(230,149)	51,793,462
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	10,610,075	681,155		11,291,230
Improvements other than buildings	3,326,317	143,680		3,469,997
Machinery and equipment	4,627,999	460,314	(202,813)	4,885,500
Total accumulated depreciation	18,564,391	1,285,149	(202,813)	19,646,727
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	32,805,782	(631,711)	(27,336)	32,146,735
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 33,913,428	\$ 2,820,939	\$ (27,336)	\$ 36,707,031

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction	\$	899,604
Support services		321,287
Co-curricular activities		64,258
Total Depreciation Expense -		
Governmental Activities	_\$	1,285,149

7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS: (continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows: (continued)

	_	Balance Increases 7/01/19		Decreases		<i>Balance</i> 6/30/20		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:								
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Machinery and equipment	\$	695,605	\$	17,177	\$		\$	712,782
Total, being depreciated		695,605		17,177				712,782
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Machinery and equipment		404,617		50,893				455,510
Total accumulated depreciation		404,617		50,893		_		455,510
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	290,988	\$	(33,716)	\$		\$	257,272

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:

Food service	\$ 47,896
Other enterprise funds	 2,997
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 50,893

	Balance 7/01/2019	lance reases	Decreases		Balance Decreases 6/30/2020		nount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
General obligation							
Bond:							
Series 2013	\$ 17,905,000	\$ _	\$	555,000	\$ 17,350,000	\$	575,000
Plus unamortized premium	1,507,824	_		75,390	1,432,434		75,390
Series 2017	9,260,000	_			9,260,000		
Plus unamortized premium	498,733	-		24,732	474,001		24,732
Capital outlay certificates:							
Series 2016	4,245,000	_		560,000	3,685,000		575,000
Plus unamortized premium	104,676	_		17,446	87,230		17,446
Series 2013	1,480,000	_		90,000	1,390,000		90,000
Series 2019	6,525,000	_			6,525,000		270,000
Plus unamortized premium	165,080	_		8,688	156,392		8,668
REED loan	150,000	_		30,000	120,000		30,000
SD Energy Efficient loan	1,021,580	_		145,940	875,640		145,940
Compens ated absences	141,912	202,580		211,250	133,242		133,242
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 43,004,805	\$ 202,580	\$	1,718,446	\$ 41,488,939	\$	1,945,418

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

Compensated Absences:

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the General and Special Education Funds.

Special Education Funds.										
		alance 1/2019		alance creases	De	creases		alance 0/2020	V	ount Due Vithin ne Year
Compens ated Absences	\$	9,358	\$	16,923	\$	14,958	\$	11,323	\$	11,323
Debt Payable at June 30, 2020 is co	mpris	sed of the	follo	wing:						
General Obligation Bonds:										
The School District issued \$20,195,000 or December 15, 2014 through June 15, 203 the term of maturity. The Bond Redempt	9 with f	ixed intere	st rate	s from 2.09	% to 5.			•	\$ 1°	7,350,000
The School District issued \$9,260,000 of 2017. The bonds are payable on Februa 2.25% to 3.125% that vary depending on 2023. The Bond Redemption Fund makes	iry 1, 2 the teri	018 throug n of matur	h Febi ity. Th	ruary 1, 20	39 witl	ı fixed inte	rest r	ates from	!	9,260,000
Capital Outlay Certificates:										
The School District issued \$6,525,000 of are payable on February 1, 2020 through vary depending on the term of maturity.	h Augu	st 1, 2039 v	vith fix	ked interest	rates	from 1.75%	6 to 3.1			6,525,000
vary depending on the term of maturity. The Capital Outlay Fund makes payment on this debt. The School District issued \$5,840,000 of Capital Outlay Refunding Certificates, Series 2016. The certificates are payable on June 1, 2016 through June 1, 2026 with fixed interest rates from 0.85% to 3.5% that vary depending on the term of maturity. The Capital Outlay Fund makes payment on this debt.										3,685,000
The School District issued \$1,945,000 or bonds are payable on December 1, 2013 Capital Outlay Fund makes payment on	3 throu	gh Decem		U					- -	1,390,000
Rural Electric Economic Development Inc. lo	an:									
The School District received a \$300,000, due for 10 years beginning November 1, 2								*		120,000
SD Energy Efficient loan:										
The School District received a \$1,459,4 payments of \$145,940 are due for 10 year on this debt.		_	•	•						875,640

133,242

Payments for vested accrued vacation leave from the fund from which the employee is generally compensated.

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds, and capital outlay certificates outstanding at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

	Governmental Activities								
Year Ending June 30	Principal			Interest	Total				
2021	\$	575,000	\$	1,170,612	\$	1,745,612			
2022		605,000		1,142,912		1,747,912			
2023		635,000		1,112,287		1,747,287			
2024		665,000		1,086,225		1,751,225			
2025		795,000		1,060,481		1,855,481			
2026-2030		4,575,000		4,715,306		9,290,306			
2031-2035		8,875,000		3,360,400		12,235,400			
2036-2039		9,885,000		932,647		10,817,647			
	\$	26,610,000	\$	14,580,870	\$	41,190,870			

Capital Outlay Certificates

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest	Total			
2021	\$	935,000	\$	345,758	\$	1,280,758		
2022		955,000		319,471		1,274,471		
2023		985,000		296,105		1,281,105		
2024		1,010,000		269,693		1,279,693		
2025		1,040,000		237,869		1,277,869		
2026-2030		2,890,000		803,474		3,693,474		
2031-2035		2,255,000		414,865		2,669,865		
2036-2039		1,530,000		96,311		1,626,311		
	\$	11,600,000	\$	2,783,546	\$	14,383,546		

Other Loans

Governmental Activities									
P	Principal		Interest		Total				
\$	175,940	\$		\$	175,940				
	175,940				175,940				
	175,940				175,940				
	175,940				175,940				
	145,940				145,940				
	145,940				145,940				
\$	995,640	\$		\$	995,640				
		* 175,940 175,940 175,940 175,940 175,940 145,940	Principal Interest \$ 175,940 \$ 175,940 \$ 175,940 \$ 175,940 \$ 145,940 \$ 145,940 \$	Principal Interest \$ 175,940 \$ - 175,940 - 175,940 - 175,940 - 145,940 - 145,940 -	Principal Interest \$ 175,940 \$ - \$ 175,940 175,940 175,940 145,940 145,940				

9. RESTRICTED NET POSITION:

Restricted Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Fund	Restricted By	 Amount			
Capital outlay	Law	\$ 3,332,487			
Special education	Law	390,982			
Debt services	Debt covenants	143,288			
Auditorium	Law	7,735			
SDRS Pension purposes	Law	2,383,598			
Total Restricted Net P	osition	\$ 6,258,090			

10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS:

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2020, consist of the following:

the General Fund for income earned on deposits	\$ 132,240
Transfer from Capital Outlay to General Fund for purposes of supplementing General Fund	\$ 518,000

11. PENSION PLAN:

a. Plan Information:

All employees working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications/ or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

11. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

b. Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

11. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

c. Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, were as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,		
2020	\$	984,198
2019	\$	937,552
2018	•	016 220

d. <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2019, SDRS is 100.09% funded and accordingly has a net pension (asset). The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension liability (asset) of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2019 and reported to the School District as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 91,586,782
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension	
benefits	 91,664,663
Proportionate share of net pension (asset)	\$ (77,881)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported an (asset) of (77,881) for its proportionate share of the net pension (asset). The net pension (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension (asset) used to calculate the net pension (asset) was based on a projection of the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2019, the School District's proportion was 0.73491650%, which is an increase of .0004102% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

11. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

d. <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:</u> (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense of \$2,130,112. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	305,497	\$	35,250
Changes in assumption		2,689,807	-	1,102,691
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				448,658
Changes in proportion and difference between District				87,186
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		984,198		
TOTAL	\$.	3,979,502	\$	1,673,785

\$984,198 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,		
2021	ø	1 (52 902
2021	\$	1,653,892
2022		(294,794)
2023		(186,765)
2024		149,186
TOTAL	\$	1,321,519

11. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

e. Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension (asset) in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary increases Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after

25 years of service

Discount Rate 6.50% net of plan investment expense

Future COLAs 1.88%

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2016.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity	58.0%	4.7%
Fixed income	30.0%	1.7%
Real estate	10.0%	4.3%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
TOTAL	100.0%	

11. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

f. Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension (asset) was 6.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension (asset).

g. Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.5%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase			
School District's proportionate share of							
the net pension (asset)	\$ 12,926,726	\$	(77,881)	\$ (10,674,286)			

h. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

i. Payable of the Pension Plan:

No payables were reported to the defined benefit plan at year end.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2020, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District joined the South Dakota School District Health Benefits Fund. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The School District pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases reinsurance coverage with the premiums it receives from the members. The coverage does not have a maximum payment per person.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT: (continued)

Liability Insurance:

The School District joined the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property and Liability Fund (ASBSD-PLF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota School Districts. The objective of ASBSD-PLF is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage.

The School District's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the ASBSD-PLF to resolve any incident, which could result in a claim being made by or against the School District. The School District pays an annual premium to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the ASBSD-PLF member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The School District pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for: General Liability, Automobile Liability, Employee Benefits, School Board Liability, Sexual Harassment, Sexual Abuse, Loss Fund – Liability & Property, Employee Practices Liability, Property and Boiler & Machinery, Crime, and Excess Liability.

The agreement with the ASBSD-PLF provides that the above coverage's will be provided to a \$2,000,000 limit for General Liability, Automobile Liability, Employee Benefits, School Board Liability, Sexual Harassment, Sexual Abuse, and Employee Practices. Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of \$100,000 to the upper limit. The School District carries a \$5,000 for auto damage, property damage, crime, boiler & machinery, \$10,000 school board legal liability with monetary demand, and \$5,000 without monetary demand deductibles.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Workers' Compensation:

The School District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool, which provided workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, of behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program.

The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT: (continued)

Workers' Compensation: (continued)

The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance, which covers up to \$1,000,000 per individual per incident.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits. During the year ended June 30, 2020 claims of \$0 for unemployment benefits were paid.

13. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN:

As of July 1, 2016, current employees are no longer allowed to stay on the School District's healthcare plan at retirement. Retirees on the plan prior to June 30, 2016 are eligible to stay on the School District's healthcare plan until age 65. The OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 for retirees already on the plan was evaluated and determined to not be material to the Statement of Net Position and therefore no liability is recorded.

14. EARLY RETIREMENT PLAN:

The district maintains an early retirement plan, which allows those meeting certain qualifications, to retire early and receive 65% to 80% of their salary received during their last full year of employment in one lump sum. Payment will be made to the South Dakota Retirement Special Pay Plan on behalf of the employee. All employees reaching the retirement age factor prior to September 1 of the next year are eligible to submit, in writing, a binding intent to elect early retirement, effective on the date the retiring employee reaches the retirement age factor. All retiring employees will receive the balance of their contractual salary on their last day of employment the Huron School District. If the employee elect's retirement during the summer months, payment will be made within 45 days from the time the employee notifies the superintendent, in writing. In the fiscal year 2020, nine retiring employees received benefits. The amount paid for such benefits during the year was \$377,955.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

As a result of the spread of the SARS-COV-2 virus, the incidence of COVID-19, and the world-wide coronavirus pandemic economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the School District. The School District is closely monitoring its operations, liquidity, and capital resources and is working to minimize the current and future impact of this unprecedented situation. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of the independent auditor's report which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Revenue from Local Sources:		BUDGETED AMOUNTS		\boldsymbol{A}	ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE	
Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:		-0						
Taxes: Advalorem taxes \$ 4,526,000 \$ 4,526,000 \$ 3,912,067 \$ (613,933) Prior years' ad valorem taxes 80,000 80,000 35,909 (44,091) Tax deed revenue 3,000 3,000 207 (2,793) Utility taxes 424,000 424,000 419,028 (4,972) Penalties and interest on taxes 15,000 15,000 9,193 (5,807) Revenue from Local Governmental Units 6,807 (1,913) 1,900 10,000 8,087 (1,913) Tation and Fees: 8,807 10,000 10,000 8,087 (1,913) Tation and Fees: 8,800 20,000 75,871 55,871 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 50,000 50,000 62,920 12,920 Courricular Activities: 30,000 80,000 77,071 (2,929) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other student activ	REVENUES:							
Ad valorem taxes	Revenue from Local Sources:							
Prior years' ad valorem taxes 80,000 80,000 35,009 (44,091) Tax deed revenue 3,000 3,000 207 (2,793) Utility taxes 424,000 419,028 (4,972) Penalties and interest on taxes 15,000 15,000 9,193 (5,807) Revenue from Local Governmental Units 0 10,000 8,087 (1,913) Tuition and Fees: 10,000 20,000 75,871 55,871 Regular day school tuition 20,000 50,000 62,920 12,920 Cocurricular Activities: 80,000 80,000 75,871 (1,913) Earnings on Investments and Deposits 50,000 50,000 62,920 12,920 Courteriotal Activities: 10,000 80,000 77,071 (2,929) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 70,01 (14,949) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other student activity income 10,000 10,000 40,000 40,000 <	Taxes:							
Tax deed revenue 3,000 3,000 207 (2,793) Utility taxes 424,000 424,000 419,028 (4,972) Penalties and interest on taxes 15,000 15,000 9,193 (5,807) Revenue from Local Governmental Units 0 10,000 8,087 (1,913) Taxition and Fees: Regular day school tuition 20,000 20,000 75,871 55,871 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 50,000 50,000 62,920 12,920 Courricular Activities: 80,000 80,000 77,071 (2,929) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other Revenue from Local Sources: 40,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 345,69 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources	Ad valorem taxes	\$	4,526,000	\$ 4,526,000	\$	3,912,067	\$	(613,933)
Utility taxes 424,000 424,000 419,028 (4,972) Penalties and interest on taxes 15,000 15,000 9,193 (5,807) Revenue from Local Governmental Units Other Than LEAs: Revenue in lieu of taxes 10,000 10,000 8,087 (1,913) Taition and Fees: Regular day school tuition 20,000 20,000 75,871 55,871 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 50,000 80,000 62,920 12,920 Cocurricular Activities: Admissions 80,000 80,000 77,071 (2,929) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other Revenue from Local Sources: Rentals 40,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other<	Prior years' ad valorem taxes		80,000	80,000		35,909		
Penalties and interest on taxes 15,000 15,000 9,193 (5,807)	Tax deed revenue		3,000	3,000		207		(2,793)
Revenue from Local Governmental Units Other Than LEAs: Revenue in lieu of taxes 10,000 10,000 8,087 (1,913) Tuition and Fees:	Utility taxes		424,000	424,000		419,028		(4,972)
Other Than LEAs: Revenue in lieu of taxes 10,000 10,000 8,087 (1,913) Tuition and Fees: 10,000 20,000 75,871 55,871 Regular day school tuition 20,000 50,000 62,920 12,920 Cocurricular Activities: 30,000 80,000 77,071 (2,929) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other Revenue from Local Sources: 80,000 40,000 7,051 (14,949) Other Revenue from Local Sources: 40,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Rentals 40,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (2,088) Other 145,000 145,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: 3,000 3,000			15,000	15,000		9,193		(5,807)
Revenue in lieu of taxes	Revenue from Local Governmental Units							
Regular day school tuition 20,000 20,000 75,871 55,871 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 50,000 50,000 62,920 12,920 Cocurricular Activities:	Other Than LEAs:							
Regular day school tuition 20,000 20,000 75,871 55,871 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 50,000 50,000 62,920 12,920 Cocurricular Activities: 80,000 80,000 77,071 (2,929) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other Revenue from Local Sources: 80,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: 6 1,000 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000	Revenue in lieu of taxes		10,000	10,000		8,087		(1,913)
Earnings on Investments and Deposits 50,000 50,000 62,920 12,920 Cocurricular Activities: 80,000 80,000 77,071 (2,929) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other Revenue from Local Sources: 80,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 6 6 595) 8 8 8 6	Tuition and Fees:							
Cocurricular Activities: Admissions 80,000 80,000 77,071 (2,929) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other Revenue from Local Sources: Tentals 40,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County Sources: (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 </td <td>Regular day school tuition</td> <td></td> <td>20,000</td> <td>20,000</td> <td></td> <td>75,871</td> <td></td> <td>55,871</td>	Regular day school tuition		20,000	20,000		75,871		55,871
Admissions 80,000 80,000 77,071 (2,929) Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other Revenue from Local Sources: 8 40,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Rentals 40,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources	Earnings on Investments and Deposits		50,000	50,000		62,920		12,920
Other student activity income 22,000 22,000 7,051 (14,949) Other Revenue from Local Sources: 40,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue from State Sources: 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Grants-in-Aid: Grants-in-Aid: 410,024 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government	Cocurricular Activities:							
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Rentals 40,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County Sources: (61,305) County apportionment 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: </td <td>Admissions</td> <td></td> <td>80,000</td> <td>80,000</td> <td></td> <td>77,071</td> <td></td> <td>(2,929)</td>	Admissions		80,000	80,000		77,071		(2,929)
Rentals 40,000 40,000 29,832 (10,168) Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: 8 2,230,024 410,024 Restricted grants	Other student activity income		22,000	22,000		7,051		(14,949)
Contributions and donations 10,000 10,000 44,569 34,569 Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state </td <td>Other Revenue from Local Sources:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Other Revenue from Local Sources:							
Refund of prior years' expenditures 75,000 75,000 18,878 (56,122) Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County sportionment 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Rentals		40,000	40,000		29,832		(10,168)
Charges for services 70,000 70,000 49,632 (20,368) Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Contributions and donations		10,000	10,000		44,569		34,569
Other 145,000 145,000 144,405 (595) Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Refund of prior years' expenditures		75,000	75,000		18,878		(56,122)
Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Charges for services		70,000	70,000		49,632		(20,368)
County Sources: 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Other		145,000	145,000		144,405		(595)
County apportionment 240,000 240,000 178,695 (61,305) Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Revenue from Intermediate Sources:							
Revenue in lieu of taxes 3,000 3,000 8,289 5,289 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	County Sources:							
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	County apportionment		240,000	240,000		178,695		(61,305)
Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Revenue in lieu of taxes		3,000	3,000		8,289		5,289
Unrestricted grants-in-aid 12,519,000 12,519,000 12,933,652 414,652 Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 17,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Revenue from State Sources:							
Restricted grants-in-aid 1,000 1,000 2,570 1,570 Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Grants-in-Aid:							
Tuition: Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 0ther Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Unrestricted grants-in-aid		12,519,000	12,519,000		12,933,652		414,652
Regular 125,000 125,000 128,340 3,340 Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Restricted grants-in-aid		1,000	1,000		2,570		1,570
Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state Other Federal Revenue 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 017,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Tuition:							
Grants-in-Aid: Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Regular		125,000	125,000		128,340		3,340
Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Revenue from Federal Sources:							
federal government through the state 1,820,000 1,820,000 2,230,024 410,024 Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Grants-in-Aid:							
Other Federal Revenue 17,000 17,000 9,786 (7,214)	Restricted grants-in-aid received from							
11,000 11,000 7,000 (1,211)	federal government through the state		1,820,000	1,820,000		2,230,024		410,024
TOTAL REVENUE 20,295,000 20,295,000 20,386,076 91,076	Other Federal Revenue		17,000	 17,000		9,786		(7,214)
	TOTAL REVENUE		20,295,000	20,295,000		20,386,076		91,076

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

	BUDGETEL	O A MOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS	(NEGATIVE)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Regular Programs:					
Elementary	\$ 4,972,400	\$ 4,972,400	\$ 4,802,575	\$ 169,825	
Middle/junior high	2,082,400	2,082,400	2,063,798	18,602	
High school	3,004,300	3,004,300	2,907,303	96,997	
Preschool services	-	4,500	4,334	166	
Special Programs:	064000	0.64.000	022.022	21.04	
Culturally different	964,800	964,800	932,833	31,967	
Educationally deprived Support Services:	1,135,000	1,135,000	1,005,392	129,608	
Students:					
Attendance and social work		163,000	162,435	565	
Guidance	431,800	440,800	437,185	3,615	
Health	105,900	105,900	99,323	6,577	
Psychological Psychological	5,000	5,000	99,323	5,000	
Instructional Staff:	3,000	3,000	-	3,000	
Improvement of instruction	468,600	470,700	426,252	44,448	
Educational media	781,800	1,274,600	1,273,534	1,066	
General Administration:	701,000	1,2 / 1,000	1,270,001	1,000	
Board of education	236,600	236,600	221,001	15,599	
Executive administration	259,900	259,900	254,918	4,982	
School Administration:	20,500	20,,000	20.00	.,, 02	
Office of the principal	874,500	881,500	881,488	12	
Other	352,900	352,900	343,835	9,065	
Business:	ŕ	,	,	,	
Fiscal services	432,300	432,300	402,643	29,657	
Operation and maintenance of plant	2,454,300	2,611,300	2,603,406	7,894	
Student transportation	782,500	794,500	786,602	7,898	
Food services	80,000	80,000	65,540	14,460	
Central:					
Staff	3,000	3,000	1,092	1,908	
Community Services:					
Recreation	12,200	17,600	17,505	95	
Custody and care of children	150,000	150,000	111,466	38,534	
Nonpublic school		36,700	36,575	125	
Nonprogrammed Charges:					
Payments to state - unemployment	5,000	5,000		5,000	
Early retirement payments	320,000	320,000	170,309	149,691	
Cocurricular Activities:	250 100	250 100	227 220	21 552	
Male activities	359,100	359,100	327,328	31,772	
Female activities	332,200	337,700	312,028	25,672	
Combined activities	353,500	362,500	298,947	63,553	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	20,960,000	21,864,000	20,949,647	914,353	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(665,000)	(1,569,000)	(563,571)	1,005,429	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
	(40,000	(40,000	(50.240	10.240	
Transfers in	640,000	640,000	650,240	10,240	
Sale of surplus property	25,000	25,000	59,956	34,956	
Compensation for loss of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	665,000	665,000	3,391 713,587	3,391 48,587	
	003,000				
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(904,000)	150,016	1,054,016	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	2,899,914	2,899,914	2,899,914		
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 2,899,914	\$ 1,995,914	\$ 3,049,930	\$ 1,054,016	

The accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of these financial statements.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	DUNCETER	O A MOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET-	
		DAMOUNTS	BUDGETARY	POSITIVE	
DEVENUES.	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES: Revenue from Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,528,000	\$ 3,528,000	\$ 2,866,765	\$ (661,235)	
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	40,000	40,000	20,550	(19,450)	
Penalties and interest on taxes	10,000	10,000	6,990	(3,010)	
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	10,000	10,000	113,439	113,439	
Other Revenue From Intermediate Sources:	_	-	113,437	113,437	
Revenue in lieu of taxes			2	2	
			2	2	
Revenue from Federal Sources:					
Grants-in-Aid:					
Restricted grants-in-aid seceived from					
federal government through the state	40,000	40,000	41,645	1,645	
TOTAL REVENUES	3,618,000	3,618,000	3,049,391	(568,609)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Regular Programs:					
Elementary	265,000	265,000	102,888	162,112	
Middle/junior high	164,000	164,000	93,730	70,270	
High school	175,000	175,000	81,160	93,840	
Special Programs:					
Programs for special education	4,000	5,400	5,340	60	
Instructional Staff:					
Improvement of institution	2,000	2,000	1,999	1	
Educational media	183,000	183,000	167,832	15,168	
General Administration:					
Board of education	5,000	5,000	1,880	3,120	
Executive administration	2,000	2,000	-	2,000	
School Administration:					
Other	9,000	9,000	8,298	702	
Business:					
Fiscal services	5,000	5,000	1,583	3,417	
Facililites acquisition and construction	6,600,000	6,600,000	4,647,162	1,952,838	
Operation and maintenance of plant	507,000	507,000	492,965	14,035	
Student transportation	228,000	228,000	227,799	201	
Food services	25,000	25,000	24,605	395	
Internal services	25,000	25,000	20,149	4,851	
Debt Services:	1,153,000	1,153,000	1,138,503	14,497	
Cocurricular Activities:					
Combined activities	120,000	120,000	116,904	3,096	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,472,000	9,473,400	7,132,797	2,340,603	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,854,000)	(5,855,400)	(4,083,406)	1,771,994	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers out	(746,000)	(746,000)	(631,439)	114,561	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(746,000)	(746,000)	(631,439)	114,561	
		_			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(6,600,000)	(6,601,400)	(4,714,845)	1,886,555	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	8,047,332	8,047,332	8,047,332		
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 1,447,332	\$ 1,445,932	\$ 3,332,487	\$ 1,886,555	

The accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of these financial statements.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	BUDGETEL	O AMOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES:					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,070,000	\$ 2,070,000	\$ 1,758,114	\$ (311,886)	
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	20,000	20,000	10,946	(9,054)	
Tax deed revenue	-			-	
Penalties and interest on taxes	6,000	6,000	3,771	(2,229)	
Tuition and Fees:					
Regular day school tuition Earnings on Investments and Deposits	-		14 (00	- 14.690	
Other Revenue from Local Sources:	-	-	14,690	14,090	
Services provided other school districts					
Charges for services	158,000	158,000	90,699	(67,301)	
Other	2,000	2,000	652	(1,348)	
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	2,000	2,000	032	(1,540)	
Revenue in lieu of taxes	_		1	1	
Revenue from State Sources:			•	•	
Grants-in-Aid:					
Restricted grants-in-aid	1,571,000	1,571,000	1,573,308	2,308	
Revenue from Federal Sources:	1,0.1,000	1,0.1,000	1,0,0,000	-,000	
Grants-in-Aid:					
Restricted grants-in-aid received from					
federal government through the state	725,000	725,000	716,337	(8,663)	
TOTAL REVENUES	4,552,000	4,552,000	4,168,518	(383,482)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Special Programs:					
Programs for special education	3,188,000	3,422,700	3,307,224	115,476	
Support Services:					
Students:					
Attendance and social work	31,300	31,300	27,796	3,504	
Guidance	2,000	2,000	1,000	1,000	
Health	104,700	104,700	99,012	5,688	
Psychological	237,400	238,100	238,064	36	
Speech pathology	504,500	504,500	459,443	45,057	
Student therapy services	155,200	243,800	243,445	355	
Instructional Staff:					
Improvement of instruction	11,000	11,000	8,317	2,683	
School Administration:					
Office of principal	20,000	20,000	-	20,000	
Special Education:	100 100	200 400	200 520	600	
Administrative costs	190,400	209,400	208,720	680	
Transportation costs	107,500	128,500	128,405	95	
Other special education costs	4.552.000	4.016.000	4.721.426	104 574	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,552,000	4,916,000	4,721,426	194,574	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(264,000)	(552 009)	(188,908)	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(364,000)	(552,908)	(100,900)	
OTHER FINANCING USES:					
Transfers out	_	_	(14,690)	(14,690)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES			(14,690)	(14,690)	
- 0 0			(14,070)	(17,070)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(364,000)	(567,598)	(203,598)	
ğ	_	(501,000)	(507,570)	(200,000)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	958,580	958,580	958,580	_	
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 958,580	\$ 594,580	\$ 390,982	\$ (203,598)	
				, , , , ,	

The accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of these financial statements.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- b. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- c. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- d. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- e. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except fiduciary funds.
- f. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in letter h.
- g. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
- h. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- i. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- j. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
- k. Budgets for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

2. USGAAP/BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING BASIS DIFFERENCES:

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2020	2019	2018 2017		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 984,198	\$ 937,552	\$ 916,220	\$ 878,314	\$ 795,497	\$ 743,419
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	984,198	937,552	916,220	878,314	795,497	743,419
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s – </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,392,281	\$ 15,607,777	\$ 15,253,766	\$ 14,618,234	\$ 13,258,233	\$12,389,436
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.00%	6.01%	6.01%	6.01%	6.00%	6.00%

^{**}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) OF THE SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.7349165%	0.7345063%	0.7208063%	0.6973059%	0.6786550%	0.6877786%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (77,881)	\$ (17,130)	\$ (65,414)	\$ 2,355,431	\$ (2,878,370)	\$ (4,955,164)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$15,607,777	\$15,252,766	\$14,618,234	\$13,258,233	\$ 12,389,436	\$12,026,801
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-0.50%	-0.11%	-0.45%	17.77%	-23.23%	-41.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	100.09%	100.02%	100.10%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

^{**}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms:

No significant changes.

Changes of assumptions:

Legislation enacted in 2017 modified the SDRS COLA. For COLAs first applicable in 2018, the SDRS COLA will equal the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2018 and exists again this year as of June 30, 2019. Future COLAs are assumed to equal the current restricted maximum COLA which was 2.03% as of June 30, 2018 and is 1.88% as of June 30, 2019.

The changes in actuarial assumptions decreased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by 1.5% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 2.03% COLA, reflecting the current and assumed future restricted maximum COLA of 1.88%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	FEDERAL CFDA	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFIYING	FEDERAL EXPENDITURES	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER		
US Department of Agriculture:				
Pass-Through the SD Department of Education Child nutrition cluster:				
School Breakfast Program (Note 3)	10.553	N/A	\$ 134,955	
National School Lunch Program (Note 3)	10.555	N/A	608,122	
National School Lunch Program - commodities	10.555	N/A	146,244	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	N/A	183,622	
Total for Child Nutrition Cluster			1,072,943	
Other Programs:				
School Lunch Equipemt Grant	10.579	N/A		
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	N/A	65,540	
Total for Other Programs			65,540	
Total US Department of Agriculture			1,138,483	
General Services Administration:				
Pass-Through the SD Federal Property Agency:				
Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property (Note 4)	39.003	N/A	15,836	
Total General Services Administration			15,836	
US Department of Education.				
US Department of Education:				
Pass-Through the SD Department of Education:				
Early Intervention Services (IDEA) Cluster: Special education	84.181	H181A150091	172	
- grants to states (Note 2) Total for Early Intervention Services (IDEA) Cluster		11181A130091	172 172	
			172	
Other Programs:	04.011	NI/A	120,002	
Migrant education - state grant program	84.011 84.048	N/A VO48A150041	128,082	
Career and technical education Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	VO48A150041 N/A	53,519 915,722	
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	N/A	111,937	
Rural Education	84.358	N/A	6,276	
English language acquisition grants (Title III)	84.365	S365A150041	75,981	
Improving teacher quality state grants	84.367	N/A	225,147	
Title IV Transfer	84.424	N/A	97,647	
Cares ESSER funds	84.425	N/A	550,173	
Total for Department of Education Other Programs			2,164,484	
Special Education Cluster:				
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A150091	705,656	
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A150091	10,509	
Total for Special Education Cluster			716,165	
Total US Department of Education			2,880,821	
US Enviromental protection Agency				
Pass-Through SD Department of Environment and Natural Resource	s:			
State Clean Diesel Grant Program	66.040	N/A	41,645	
Department of Health and Human Service:				
Pass-Through Luthern Social Services of South Dakota:				
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Discretionary Grants	93.576	90ZE0195	9,786	
Total Department of Health and Human Service			9,786	
GRAND TOTAL			\$ 4,086,571	

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The School District has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance

Note 3: Federal Reimbursement

Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

Note 4: Federal Surplus Property

The amount reported represents 23.3% of the original acquisition cost of the federal surplus property received by the School District. (Original acquisition cost is provided by Federal Surplus Property. It is not what the school actually paid for the item.)

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2020

Board Members:

Garret Bischoff – Board President Tim Van Berkum – Vice President Shelly Siemonsma Craig Lee David Wheeler

Superintendent:

Terry Nebelsick

Business Manager:

Kelly Christopherson